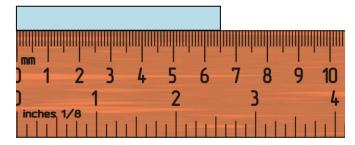
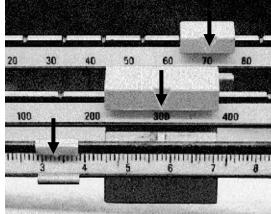
## Chemical Systems Benchmark for Ferguson-Florissant School District

- 1. Use the ruler below to measure the length of the box in millimeters. [1 point; VII.1.B.b]
  - A. 6.5mm
  - B. 65mm
  - C. 6mm
  - D. 60mm



- 2. Use the picture of the triple-beam balance to the right to determine the mass of the object in grams. [1 point; VII.1.B.b]
  - A. 373.3g
  - B. 373.3mg
  - C. 300g
  - D. 300mg



- 3. Use the beaker to the right to determine the volume of the liquid. [1 point; VII.1.B.b]
  - A. OmL
  - B. 200mL
  - C. 150L
  - D. 200L



4.	Which is the appropriate unit to use to measure the distance between McCluer North and McCluer South Berkley? [1 point; VII.1.B.d]
	A.Kilometer B.Meter C.Centimeter D.Millimeter
5.	A marble has a mass of 20g and displaces 10mL of water. What is the density of the marble? [1 point- $I.1.A.a$ ]
	A. 2g/mL B. 30g/mL C. 2g
6.	Label "beach sand" as either a mixture or a pure substance. [1 point- I.1.A.b]
	A. Mixture B. Pure Substance
7.	Label "Kool-aid" as an element, compound, homogeneous mixture, or heterogeneous mixture [1 point-I.1.A.b]
	A. Element B. Compound C. Homogeneous Mixture D. Heterogeneous Mixture
8.	Label "Sugar/Glucose( $C_6H_{12}O_6$ )" as an element, compound, homogeneous mixture, or heterogeneous mixture [1 point- I.1.A.b]
	A. Element B. Compound C. Homogeneous Mixture D. Heterogeneous Mixture
9.	Which of the following is not a physical change? [1 point- I.1.G.a]
	A. Grinding B. Cutting C. Boiling D. Burning

	ist the phases of water in order, from the phase with the slowest molecular movement to the phase with the fastest molecular movement. [1 point- I.1.D.a]
	A. Gas-Liquid-Solid
	B. Liquid-Solid-Gas
	C. Solid-Liquid-Gas
	D. Gas-Solid-Liquid
11. Po	articles of a solid [I.1.D.b -1 point]
	A. vibrate next to one another.
	B. are able to slide around each other.
	C. fill up the space of the its container.
	D. have positive and negative charges.
12. 3	Subatomic particle with a positive charge and is located in nucleus. [I.1.E.a- 1 point]  A. Proton
	B. Neutron
	C. Electron
	D. Valence Electron
13.	Subatomic particle with a neutral charge and is located in nucleus. [I.1.E.a- 1 point]
	A. Proton
	B. Neutron
	C. Electron
	D. Valence Electron
14.	Subatomic particle with a negative charge and is located outside the nucleus. [I.1.E.a- 1 point]
	A. Proton
	B. Neutron
	C. Electron D. Valence Electron
	D. Valence Electron
15.	Which subatomic particle is the lightest. [I.1.E.a- 1 point]
	A. Proton
	B. Neutron
	C. Electron
	D. Valence Electron
	the periodic table notation for nitrogen (N) is shown here.  The atom of nitrogen has how many electrons? [1 point- I.1.E.b]  Notation of nitrogen has how many electrons?

A. 7

B. 7 or 8

C. 14 or 15

D. Cannot be determined with the information given.

14.01

17. Elements in group 1 on the periodic table would LEAST likely bond with elements from which group? [1 point- I.1.F.a]
A. Group 2
B. Group 16
C. Group 17
D. None of the above
18. Which is <u>not</u> a characteristic of a METAL? [I.1.F.b- 1 point]
A. Malleable
B. Ductile
C. Good Conductor
D. Most are liquid at room temperature
19. Which is not a characteristic of a NONMETAL? [I.1.F.b- 1 point]
A. Poor Conductors
B. Most are gas at room temperature
C. Malleable
D. NOT Ductile
20. An ion with a positive charge is called a [I.1.F.c- 1 point]
A. cation
B. anion
C. proton
D. neutron
21. Which statement best explains why atoms form chemical bonds with other atoms? [1 point- I.1.H.c]
A. Most atoms are less stable when they combine with other atoms.
B. When atoms collide with other atoms, they bond automatically.
C. Atoms are always attracted to other atoms.
D. Most atoms are unstable unless they are combined with other atoms.
22. Mark the answer that has the correct chemical name for: [I.1.H.c- 1 point]
со
A. Carbon oxygen
B. Carbon monoxide
C. Carbon dioxide
D. Monocarbon monoxide

23. Mark the answer that has the correct chemical formula for: [I.1.H.c- 1 point]

Potassium sulfide

- A. K S
- B. K<sub>2</sub>S
- C. KS<sub>2</sub>
- D. K5O<sub>4</sub>
- 24. Answer the following questions about the chemical reaction for the combustion of methane gas: [1 point- I.1.I.a]

$$CH_4 + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + H_2O$$

Identify the reactants:

- A. CO2 and H20
- B. CH<sub>4</sub> and O<sub>2</sub>
- C.  $O_2$  and  $H_2O$
- D. CH<sub>4</sub> and CO
- 25. List the reaction type for the following reaction: [I.1.H.c- 1 point]

2 
$$KClO_3(s) \rightarrow 2KCl(s) + 3 O_2(g)$$

- A. Combination
- B. Decomposition
- C. Single Replacement
- D. Combustion
- 26. Which of the following is NOT an effect of acid rain? [1 point- V.1.B.a]
  - A. Acid rain can disrupt the life cycles of fish and other aquatic animals.
  - B. Acid rain preserves forests by encouraging rapid tree growth.
  - C. Acid rain dissolves important nutrients in soils.
  - D. Acid rain dissolves limestone and marble buildings and monuments.
- 27. The ozone layer can be damaged by: [1 point- V.1.C.b]
  - A. Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC's).
  - B. Radiation
  - C. Oxygen
  - D. Meteors

- 28. What is the process the sun use to convert its own mass into energy? [1 point- V.1.C.a]
  - A. Nuclear Fusion
  - B. Momentum
  - C. Radiation
  - D. Thermal Energy
- 29. Which of the following factors determines an area's climate? [1 point- V.1.D.b]
  - A. Latitude
  - B. Elevation
  - C. Distance from large bodies of water
  - D. All of the above

For question 30 use the relative humidity table below.

Dry Bulb	Difference Between Wet and Dry Bulb Temperatures (°C)			
Temperature (°C)	1	2	3	4
15	90	80	71	61
16	90	81	71	63
17	90	81	72	64
18	91	82	73	65
19	91	82	74	65

- 30. What is the relative humidity for a dry bulb temperature of  $15^{\circ}C$  and a difference of  $2^{\circ}C$ ? [V.2.F.a- 1 point]
  - A. 61%
  - B. 80%
  - C. 82%
  - D. 71%
- 31. In a warm front warm air slides \_\_\_\_\_cold air. [1 point- V.2.F.b]
  - A. over
  - B. under
  - C. in between
- 32. Earth's wind is the result of: [1 point- V.2.G.a]
  - A. Differences in altitude
  - B. Earth's tilt.
  - C. Ocean Currents.
  - D. Uneven heating on Earth.

33.	What	part of the earth (which layer) do we live on? [V.2.B.d- 1 point]
	Α.	Crust
	В.	Mantle
	С.	inner core
	D.	outer core
34.	What	are the 2 types of crusts? Mark all answers that apply. [V.2.B.d-1 point]
	Α.	Continental
	В.	Oceanic
	C.	Crust
	D.	Core
35.		was the first to propose the Continental Drift Theory. [V.2.B.e, V.2.B.f- 1 point]
	Α.	Dr. Harry Hess
	В.	Alfred Wegener
	С.	Erwin Schrödinger
	D.	Albert Einstein
36.		was able to prove Wegener's theory after discovering the mid-ocean ridge using sonar ology. [V.2.B.e, V.2.B.f- 1 point]
	Α.	Dr. Harry Hess
	В.	Alfred Wegener
	C.	Erwin Schrödinger
	D.	Albert Einstein
37.	What 1 poin	are the 3 types of plate boundaries? <b>Mark all answers that apply</b> . [V.2.B.b, V.2.B.e, V.2.B.f-t]
	Α.	divergent
		convergent
		transform
	D.	theory
38	. What	type of boundary is formed when 2 plates collide? [V.2.B.b, V.2.B.e, V.2.B.f- 1 point]
		Convergent boundaries
		Divergent boundaries
		Transform boundaries
	D.	None of the Above

Name	_ Date	Hour
------	--------	------

## Performance Event:

A chemist was studying the growth rate of aluminum crystals at a constant temperature. The chemist was curious to see if the temperature of the growing solution had any effect on the growth rate. He set up the following experiment: 500mL of a solution of  $Al(NO_3)_3$  was place into a one liter beaker. Next the solution was heated to a temperature of  $20^{\circ}C$ . When the temperature was stable a magnesium probe was placed into the solution. Another 500mL solution of  $Al(NO_3)_3$  was place into a one liter beaker. Next the solution was heated to a temperature of  $50^{\circ}C$ . When the temperature was stable a magnesium probe was placed into the solution. Over a 12 hour period the length of the aluminum crystals were measured at both temperatures and the data was collected.

The following data was collected:

THE EFFECT OF TEMPERATURE ON GROWING RATE OF ALUMINUM CRYSTALS

Time (hour)	Crystal size (mm)			
	20° <i>C</i>	50° <i>C</i>		
0	0	0		
2	2	1		
4	5	3		
6	8	5		
8	11	6		
10	15	8		
12	18	9		

1.	What is the testable research question the engineer is trying to solve? [VII.1.A.a- 1 point]
2	. Write a testable hypothesis for this experiment. [VII.1.A.a- 3 points]
_ 3.	What is the independent variable for the experiment? [VII.1.A.b- 1 point]
4.	What is the dependent variable for the experiment? [VII.1.A.b- 1 point]
_ 5.	What are two things in the experiment that has to remain constant in order to conduct a fair

6. Use the data table above to construct a line graph on the grid below. [VII.1.D.a- 4 points] 4 points total: Be sure to include: an appropriate title, labeled axes with appropriate units, appropriate number scales, correctly plotted data with a key

1.	Using your graph and the data table, establish a CONCLUSION for this experiment relating it back to your hypothesis. [7 points total; 1 point- VII.1.C.b; 4 points- VII.1.C.a; 2 points- VII.1.A.g]
-	